VIDED FOR THE PURPOSE. One of the best systematized and most thoroughly equipped of the Fresh-Air parties of this season is that of twenty-nine little girls which left New-York yesterday for North Salem, a small country town fifty miles north of New-York in Westchester County. The party upon its arrival at North Salem was joined by Miss Nellson and the five children who accompanied her last Priday in order that they might make all arrangements for the children guests prior to their urival. The children will not be entertained by the lies of the village, as is the case with the majority of the Fresh-Air excursions, but a house has been rented where the whole party will stay, and attendant furniture and fixings have been put in for their convenience and comfort. The expenses of enter-tainment are borne by a private association of ladies of this city, of which Miss Nellson is the president, with Miss Moore as treasurer and Miss Thompson, This association has as its sole and most secretary. This association has as its sole and most sommendable aim the provision of a summer's outing for some of the poorer children of the city. The ladies give much time and thought to the work throughout the entire year in order that the returning Fresh-Air season may witness the consummation of their wisely-laid plans. They are also assisted in their undertakings by many personal friends not members of the association. The house where the children will live this year is not the same as that used for the last two summers, but by virtue of the flattering success of the enterprise during that time the association has had in view for some time the purchasing of a permanent cottage or home in the country where the children can be taken regularly and in greater numbers than at present. This does not, however, imply that the future home is to be purchased in North Salem; on the contrary, its location will be transferred elsewhere if more suitable situation and environment be found.

The children are bountifully supplied with swings and all sorts of games for recreation and enjoyment. The surrounding country is beautiful and inviting in every direction; the girls will be allowed full freedom of field, woodland and green hillside, but the regime of the home proper will be conducted with that surveillance necessary to the cheer and mutual goodwill of both hostesses and guests. It will be enjoine upon the children to retire at 8 p. m. and rise at 7 m., also other points of minor detail will be insisted upon with like regularity. Not only will hospitality be extended, but the little ones will be made the recipients, in many cases, if not in all, of gifts of clothing from the hands of their kind benefactors. Their stay will not necessarily be restricted to the conventional two weeks; indeed many of them have a standing invitation to remain for the greater

The special advantage of having the children in one he special divisings of naving the children in one potentity of forming new friendships, which often constitute the happiest memories of the country, and awakes an abiding interest in the mind of the country folk for the little children of the city, but on the other hand undoubtedly a former city companionship is sweetened by the presence of its members in the enjoyment of rural delights together. That the effects of a vacation in the country are wholesome is established beyond dispute. This organization took out thirty the first year, forty last year, and the ladies are unanimous in their belief that the influences are excellent. This is proven by the conduct and general demeanor of children who have been out before in comparison with that of those who leave the city for the first time. They are taught practical habits, regularity, and a sense of cleanliness of which field jenement-house existence does not give an adumbrant

The little girls who constitute the North Salem party come from various districts in the city, and many of them in fact are so poor as to stand astride the dividing line of extreme but respectable poverty and beggardom, in the conventional sense of that term. One mission worker sends six, all children of widows, and she says of them : " They really are so depressed in circumstances that they come to me almost daily clamoring for bread. Before they go to the country I generally have to provide their luncheons, and not infrequently supply decent clothes for them to wear. I often neglect myself to get them out of their misery, but always feel amply repaid when I see them returfrom their vacation rosy, jolly and happy. Their parents have few convictions on religion, and the children attend Sabbath-school a whole year with no other purpose whatever but that of going with the Fresh-Air excursion in the summer. It was only seven weeks since a mother in a tenement-house on the East Side lay on her death-bed, and just before she died she said: 'Will you see that my little girls get to the country this summer?' She kept anxiously repeating her wish, and this was almost the last word she said."

trial School for Girls at No. 125 St. Mark's place, every one of whom is delicate and needs but the vivifying power of country air and diet to efface the deep lines on their little care-worn faces, and the dull, listless expression from their eyes. All but three of these go by special invitation, having spent two weeks at North Salem last summer. Invitations were sent for nine girls, but the doctor's examination unfortately rejected three and substitutes were provided. The remainder of the party is composed of children from Trinity Parish and from the neighborhood of Washington and Eighth sts. If there is aught of truth in the old, familiar

proverb, "He is happiest who makes others happy," the many contributors to the Fresh-Air Fund of Tribune" would have deemed their gifts a most profitable investment had they seen the party of little boys and girls which left West Forty-second-st. early yesterday for Morrisville, N. Y. The faces of the children, as they gathered in the station, pale, deep-furrowed, and the weak, shrunken limbs, be many a dark story of privation and neglect, common place, perhaps, to many who are familiar with city life, but to the uninitiated a tale pathetic and touching. The party consisted of working girls and tene ment-children, from the Broome Street Tabernacie. The children also attend the Industrial School in Allen-st, where each child every day is the recipient of a loaf of bread for the family. They were selected on account of their especial great need. The hosts

on account of their especial great need. The hosts who will receive the party at Morrisville are: Mrs. C. C. Stone, Miss Lizzie Kemp, Mrs. Edgar Dexter, Mrs. T. Graham, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Isbell, Mrs. Fred. Greene, Mrs. Topliff, Mrs. H. I. Mead.

The examining physicians of the North Salem excursion were: Drs. J. B. Foland, A. C. Daniel, N. S. Roberts, of Morrisville party: R. S. Prentiss and H. G. Daniels, Two other smaller excursions left the city vesterday, one comprising children from the East Side Baptist Church, going to a cottage at Shandaken, N. Y., the second by boat to Hadlime, Conn.

OVER THE BIG POND.

MANY TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS SAIL AWAY

FOR EUROPE.

The list of summer travellers over the Atlantic ferries ras increased by nearly four hundred who sailed for Europe yesterday. Among the passengers who salled for Glasgow on the State of Pennsylvania, of the State Line, were: Mr. and Mrs. Arthur, W. Abbott, T. E. Austin, E. Agnew, J. Baird, William Bowker, R. Clacker, John G. Cochrane, William Dougall, William Duncan, the Rev. I. H. Egbert, William C. French, A. Fleck, H. G. Gilmore, W. D. Phelan, P. Quinn, E. P. Sullivan, W. M. Stretch, P. W. Torrence, C. H. Tyndall, H. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Welss, J. B. Howard, R. M. Hersey, the Rev. C. Jones, the Rev. W. Johnston, J. A. Jolly, A. Knox, R. McDugal, J. N. Martin, W. B. Malcolm.

The Hamburg-American Company's steamer Hammonia had among her passengers: Dr. Ottomar Jahn, H. Dela-camp, R. Barstorf, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Kahl, Charles A. Schlegel, H. Erdimann, C. Ruether, Mr. and Mrs. de Chacon, Dr. and Mrs. G. M. Edebohls, Leopold Hoff, Theodore Joschim, Professor and Mrs. L. B. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Falk, George Cornelius, Frederick Banders, Dr. P. J. Eaton, the Rev. R. H. L. Tighe, J. C. Ubert, Mr. and Mrs. George Huhn, Mr. and Mrs. Otto Vogel, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Tesch, Mr. and Mrs. W. Lampbrecht, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Nagel, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Hattenhauer, Robert Hattenhauer, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Boos, Julius P. Schroder, Mr. and Mrs. Ad. Busch. Mr. and Mrs. Fried. Kraus, Samuel King, William N. Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Nowell, Max Goodman, Leon Levy, T. Martens, F. Nicolai, Ernst Reliner, Mr. and Mrs. August Grotefend, Dr. C. Waenhter, John E. Parewell, Mr. and Mrs. Johann Ziegler, J. B. Claus, L. G. Parma, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Everist, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Mathies, the Rev. and Mrs. Jacob Weber, Theodore G. Wettach, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Craft, Henry Tietgen, General J. Ivers Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. William Feldmann, S. A. Mauer, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Keller, Edwin B. Ehrlich, Professor A. M. Elliett, Dr. H. A. Tord, George Alexander, Charles Broch, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Potonske, Captain R. Schmidt, Louis

Baig, Johann Lehmann and C. B. Bloch. Among the passengers who arrived by the North Ger man Lloyd steamer Werrs were: A. F. Baum, Nicholas smith, P. Hubbard, R. Kelley, S. Stephen Langley, Mr. and Mra. David Lubin, W. B. Lewis, German Consul Charles H. Mayer, Dr. G. E. and Mrs. Moore, J. Newburg, L. P. Ralph, Charles A. Stein, J. Harvey Wattles.

June 19, will be opened for the accommodation of the public this morning. It was opened for inspection yesterday, but there were so few of the people that are directly interested in the enterprise in town that it was thought best not to have any coremony connected with the opening. The building is situated in a neighborhood where there are a great way. German, and 700 German the opening. The building is situated in a negator-account where there are a great many Germans, and 700 German books, which are on the way, will be put in circulation in a few days. Miss J. E. Stott, formerly connected with the Bond-st. branch, is the librarian. There was some call for books yesterday, mostly by little children who had been sent by their parents, but none were given out. It is the intention to gradually add to the as it is found the people in the neighborhood want; probably a number of works on mechanics will be the first ones added.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

TO MAKE THEIR REPORT KNOWN SOON. The report of the Bondholders' Committee of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad, the result of their tour of inspection of the property, will be made public in a few days. Vice-President H. K. Enos returned to this city yesterday, having left the bondholders' committee at Galveston. Regarding the physical condition of the property he stated that he had nothing to say until the committee's report is ready for publication, but he expressed himself hopeful for the future on account of the good state of the corn, wheat and cotton crops in the South. A party interested in the road is reported to have expressed a belief that the interest on the M. K. T. per cent bonds, which falls due August 1, will be provided for by the Missouri Pacific Company, as up to the present time the officials of that company have carried out all their promises made to the Missouri, Kansas and Texas bondholders.

MORE EAST-BOUND RATE CUTTING Private dispatches received from Chicago yesterday stated that the Eric road had made a further cut of 3 cents on dressed beef, bringing the rate down to 20 cents from Chicago to Boston and New-York. As far as could be ascertained from the company's officers in this city, no such cut had been made, although a telegram subsequently made public in Wall Street announced that competing lines from Chicago had determined to meet the reported cut. If such a reduction is made, it will necessarily be followed by proportion-ate reductions in the rates on provisions and other

TO FORMULATE A SCHEDULE. The Minnesota Railway Commissioners have told the St. Paul and other granger roads that on Wednesday they will consider the subject of formulating a schedule of a uniform distance tariff which will be acceptable to all the railroads. They will also discuss the question of reducing terminal, commodity and other tariffs in connection with and separate from such uniform distance tariffs as they may agree upon.

THE RAILWAYS AND THE KILL VON KULL In regard to the possible future of the Kill von Kull

ersey City Journal" publishes the following: The New-Jersey Central, the Pennsylvania, the West Shere and the New-York Central Railroad companies have all got their eyes on the Kill von Kull, that extends from Port Johnson docks to Newark Bay. The Pennsylvania Company have just completed a new ferry house for their Staten Island ferry at the end of their street railroad from Jersey City. The New-Jersey Central have their plans all ready to build a new dock alongside of the Pennsylvania ferry slip. The line of the Bayonne and Jersey City Railroad, that connects with the New-Jersey Junction Railroad, comes out on the Kill von Kull about half a mile halfroad, comes out on the Arman below the New-Jersey Central dock. This is the road that is controlled by the West Shore and New-York Central that is controlled by the West Shore and New-Yo that is controlled by the West Shore and New-York Cen-tral. This whole water front will be connected direct by some railroad and become a manufacturing location. It looks as if the Pennsylvania or West Shore Railroad will obtain the strongest foothold on this water front. Bayonne City is anxious for some railroad to build docks on the Kill von Kull, where lumber, brick, stone, etc., can be delivered and remain until wanted in New-York, instead of paying demurrage on cars.

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. Hoston, July 5.—Following is the report of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad: Gross earnings for May. 81,258,068; decrease from same month last year, \$234,750; net earnings, \$373,004; decrease, \$285,108. From January 1 to May 31: Gross earnings, \$5.838,162; decrease, \$1.711,596; net earnings, \$1,574,172; decrease, \$1,917,-

Columbia, S. C., July 5 (Special)-The Railroad Commissioners to-day issued their monthly report of the earnings of the railroads in the State for the month of May, as ty-six roads included in the report, all but three show a net increase in earnings. The total earnings were e488,536, against e418,322 in May, 1807, showing a total net increase of \$00.309. The total freight earnings for the month were \$282.172, and the passenger earnings \$150,033, against \$234.608 and \$136.119, respectively, in May, 1887. The roads of the Richmond and Danville system show a net increase in earnings of 15.23 per cent. Chicago, July 5.—The warring railroads resumed their aght on east-bound freight rates to-day. The Eric, still tariff in connection with the Chicago and Atlantic, making the rate 20 cents per 100 pounds to New-York. This cut was promptly met by the other lines, and the rate on cattle was further reduced from 12's to 11 cents. The cuts apply only to New-York shipments. On Boston business the rate was allowed to remain at 20th cents on BEER AND BLOOD AT ROCKAWAY REACH. the rate was allowed to remain at 264 cents on dressed meats, and 14's cents on cattle. The rate on live hogs was dropped from 25 to 22's cents, and in the interest of consistency a further reduction was made on fertillizer. The meeting of freight agents which was held at Chairman Bianchard's office carefully refrained from discussing the main questions involved in the present disculty, but simply considered the matter of relations with the Western roads, and appointed a sub-committee to fix the proportions of the Eastern and Western roads in the division of through rates. dressed meats, and 14's cents on cattle. The rate on live on of through rates.

July 5 .- It is rumored that at the meeting of the Texas Traffic Association, to be held at Denver on July 10, Commissioner Waldo will resign to accept the position of General Traffic Manager of the Atlantic

m of the Southern Pacific. Baltimore, July 5 .- A committee of directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Bailroad returned to-day from visiting the terminals at Staten Island. They examined the Ar-thur Kill Bridge, now completed, and inspected the proposed line and point of junction of the New-Jersey Central road, with which road they have a ninety-nine year truckage contract. The connection with the bridge on the Staten Island side will be completed by the middle of September; on the Jersey side the route will soon be deded upon, and pushed forward without further delay.

Pittsburg, July 5 (Special).—General Superintendent T. Clark, of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and several of his division superintendents are on a tour of inspection of the Eastern railroads. They will go over Pennsylvania, the Lehigh Valley and other roads.
Pittsburg, July 5 (Special).—Morton, Bliss & Co., the

New-York bankers, have secured a controlling in in the Cresson and Clearfield and Short Route Railroad. The stock necessary to secure the control was purchased from James S. Atterbury and John H. Boyts, the retiring president and vice-president of the road. Morton, Bliss & Co. own the greater portion of the coal and timber lands on the line of the road, and have been very de-

The Baltimore and Ohio Railway is cutting freight rates to Eastern points. To-day it announced the following: To Baltimore, carloads, 10 cents per 100 pounds; less than carloads, 13 cents. To Philadelphia, 11 and 14 cents. To New-York, 13 and 16 cents. The reduction will apply on all freight shipped on and since June

DEADLY QUARREL ABOUT A CHILD.

REMOVING PARTICLES OF COAL FROM THE IN-

William Crowley, who lives at No. 38 Hamilton-st. and is employed as an engineer at Pier No. 38. East River, was dangerously and perhaps fatally injured yesterday by being struck upon the head with a lump of coal thrown by Thomas Flanners, an employe at Garrier's coal real by Thomas Flannery, an employe at Garrick's coal-yard. No. 34 Hamilton-st., where the assault took place. ley was taken to the New-York Hospital, where the surgeon found the injury to be a compound depressed fracture of the skull. The operation of trephining was performed. of the sault. The operation of trephining was performed, and a piece of the skull about two inches in diameter removed. Imbedded in the membrane beneath a considerable quantity of small particles of coal was found. Flannery was arrested and locked up at the Madison Street Police

The injury, which may cost Crowley his life, was the result of a fight between the two men about Crowley's son William, age eight, who was playing near the coal-yard and entered it. Flanners struck the boy with a whip. The child ran to his lather, who went to the cool-yard and demanded of Finnery why he had abused the boy. Hot words followed and Crowley knecked Finnery down. As Crowley was leaving the yard Finnery threw the lump of coal which caused the dangerous wound.

A TALE OF ABUSE ON SHIP BOARD. James Rawlinson called at Polico Hendquarters last evening and told Captain Ryan that he was suffering from injuries received on the Ancher Line steamer Belivia injuries received on the 20, and asked what action he which arrived here on June 20, and asked what action he should take in the matter. He said that several days after the steamer left Italy he was put in irons by Captain after the steamer left Italy he was put he irons by Captain after the steamer left Italy he was put in irons by Captain Baxter and Purser E. D. Faston, and locked in the hold without cause. He was half starved and the men were not allowed to go near him. He claimed not to know why he was treated in this way, as he had not violated any law or rule of the ship. He was the steward of the vessel. When the ship arrived here he was put ashore and driven off the pler without being paid his wages. He applied to the British consul, but was told that nothing could be done for him. He claims that he was laid up since he has been ashore from the effects of the brutal treatment, and for this reason has not been able to take any action in the matter. He said that he was willing to make charges against the captain and the purser and The new free library building in Thirteenth-st. near lighth-eva, the gift of George Vanderbilt, a detailed samples of which was printed in The Tribune of missioner Reed.

THE WIRES MUST COME DOWN A NEW STEP BY THE ELECTRICAL BOARD.

THE MATTER TAKEN BEFORE POLICE JUSTICE GORMAN-AFFIDAVITS AND COMPLAINTS.

Commissioners Daniel E. Gibbens and Theodore Morse, and Schuyler S. Wheeler, electrical expert, and T. A. Atchinson, the advising counsel of the Board of Electrical Control, called upon Justice Gorman at Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday afternoon, and applied for a summons against the United States Illuminating Company. On the affidavits of Mr. Wheeler, which were submitted to the magistrate, the warrants were issued. The sworn papers in the case are as follows: City and County of New-York.

In the name of the people of the State of New York.

To the United States Illuminating Company: You are hereby summoned to appear before me at the Second District Police Court, on July 12, at 2 in the afternoon District Police Court, on July 12, at 2 in the atternoon, to answer a charge made against you upon the information of Schuyler S. Wheeler for having continued and maintained above ground, in the City of New-York, electrical conductors, poles and other fixtures and devices for the transmission of elegrical currents without the permission of the Board of Electrical Control in and for the City and Courty of New-York Dated at the City of New-York, this fifth day of July,

JOHN J. GORMAN, Police Justice.

JOHN J. GORMAN, Police Justices.

To John J. Gorman, one of the Police Justices in and for the City and County of New-York.

Schuyler S. Wheeler, of the City and County of New-York, in the County of New-York, being duly sworn, says: that he is the expert of the Board of Electrical Control, that on the third day of July, 1888, at the city county of the County of the United States Illuminating and county aforesaid, the United States Illuminating Company did maintain and continue above ground poles, wires, electrical conductors, and other fixtures and de-vices therefor, in a part of the city known as Twentyfifthet, between Broadway and Sixth-ave, without the permission of the Board of Electrical Control in and for the said City and County of New-York; that the said United States Illuminating Company is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New-York, and doing business at No. 57 Liberty-st. in the City of New-York. Wherefore he prays that legal process may be issued, and that the said United States Illuminating Company be apprehended to answer to said complaint, and to dealt with according to law.
SCHUYLER S. WHEELER.

Taken, sworn and subscribed to before me, this fifth

day of July, 1888.

JOHN J. GORMAN, Police Justice. The second complaint was also made by Mr. Wheeler against the United States Illuminating Company, for committing and maintaining a public nuisance. The affidavit was as follows: Schuyler S. Wheeler, of the City of New-York and the County of New-York, being duly sworn, says that he resides at No. 141 West Thirty-fourth-st. in said city; hat the United States Hiuminating Company did, on the own and lilegally and wrongfully maintain, operate and continue above ground poles, wires, electrical conductors, and other fixtures and devices therefor, in a part of the city of New-York known as Twenty-fifth-st., between Broadway and Sixth-ave., without the permission of the Board of Electrical Control in and for said city and County of New-York; that the said poles, wires, electrical conductors, and other fixtures and devices unlawfully main tained above ground as aforesaid, interferes with, obstructs teimed above ground as arressed angerous for passage the said Twenty-fifth-st. in the City of New-York, between the said streets of Broadway and Sixth-ave.; that the said wires owned and maintained above ground as aforesaid, are live electrical wires, charged at various times with are needed where, charged at various times with deadly electric currents, and are not properly insulated, and are generally unfit for the purpose for which they are used, and endanger the comfort, repose, health and safety of all persons travelling upon the said Twenty-fifth-st, between the points heretofore designated, and are a constant menace to the public welfare.

Deponent further states that the imperfect condition of

the said wires, the manner in which they are maintained above ground, the imperfect and improper state of their insulation, renders all persons living in or having occasion the control of the persons in the personal results have the described. to traverse the section of the city hereinbefore described, insecure in life and the use of property. Deponent further states, that as will more fully appear by an examination of the minute books, records and proceedings of the Board of Electrical Control in and for the City of New-York, they have notified the said United States Illuminating Company have notified the said to remove their poles, wires, electrical conductors and other fixtures and devices therefor from above ground within ninety days from the date of said notice; an within ninety days from the date of said netice; and have refused said company permission to maintain and con-tinue the same above ground; that the said term of ninety days has expired since the giving and service of that notice, and the United States liluminating Company has not removed their poles, wires, electrical conductors, and other fixtures and devices therefor, but continue and maintain the same above ground without the permission of said Board to the andangurmont of the lives and property said Board, to the endangerment of the lives and property of the citizens of the City of New-York, thereby creating,

committing and continuously maintaining a public nuisance Wherefore your deponent prays that legal process may

ONE POLICEMAN HAD TO COPE WITH A MOB BUT A MODERN ACHILLES HELPED HIM. A disgraceful riot terminated the Fourth of July pleasure at Rockaway Beach. Beer glasses, chairs, bottles and Policeman Peter Geiss's club were the main weapons used. The row occurred at Alfred Ruland's dancing platform, where fully 500 young men and women were enjoying themselves drinking and danc-ing. "Jack" Dempsey, the well-known light-weight fighter, was among them and did effective work. Shortly after 9 o'clock the screams of a young woman who was struck by a man caused a commotion that

and hammered each other right and left, cracking skulls and cutting deep gashes. In the midst of the fighting girls rushed pell mell into the riot to save their sweethear; and were knocked down and trampled upon. Brothers beat brothers and friends gave friends blows over the head with beer

glasses. When the fight was at its height and Peter The officer fought fearlessly. His club was broken and wrenched from his hand. "Jack" Dempsey at this point was doing good work and fast making the bite the dust. About 400 participated in the Those who endeavored to escape received as fight. severe beating as the principals.

The band all the time played popular airs, hoping to break the fight up, but their efforts proved fruitless. The crowd was tough and full of beer and wanted fight, not music. At the end of a half hour quiet was Every other person appeared to be injured. Eyes were blackened and faces cut, and blood appeared in every direction.

No arrests were made and the majority of the mot which halls from the east side of New-York, Williams-burg and Greenpoint, went home on the last train nursing wounds. The affair was the talk of the beach yesterday.

"Jack" Dempsey is credited with knocking sense less every one of the roughs whom he hit. The resort where the riot occurred is visited by a tough class and Wednesday's fight is only one of the many class and Wednesday's fight is only one of the many
that occur every season. A well-known hotel
proprietor at the beach said yesterday: "It is a disgraceful shame. The fight yesterday is only a repetition of what occurred last year. One pollecman is left
on guard to preserve order among hundreds of toughs
and at every fight comes out nearly killed. The sixteen pollecmen at the beach are so assigned to duty that
one of their number could be murdered before assistance could be obtained."

SHERIDAN ABLE TO UNDERGO THE VOYAGE. Delaware Breakwater, Del., July 5.-The following ulletin was issued by General Sheridan's physicians

this morning: eight, and this morning is at least as well as before leaving Hampton Roads. His pulse and respiration are good, his appetite is improving fast and assimilation is apparently excellent. His condition is such as to permit of the re-sumption of his voyage as soon as the indications are that a comparatively smooth run can be made from the Capes

SUICIDE OF A NEW-YORKER IN INDIANAPOLIS Indianapolis, July 5 (Special).-David J. Emden, of New-York, who has been living in this city for over a year, committed suicide at the Circle House this morn-Several months ago his daughter, whom he brought to Indianapolis with him, returned to New-York on a visit. He had repeatedly written to her urging her to come back, and in the last few days had shown impatience over his failure to hear from This morning a dispatch came for him stating that his daughter was on her way to this city, and it was when the clerk of the hotel went to his room to deliver the message that the old man was found dead, with his throat cut.

ECHOES OF THE FOURTH AT THE STATE CAMP. State Camp, Peekskill, July 5 .- At 2 o'clock to-day neter was 95 degrees in the shade. men feel the heat very much.

There was to have been a sham battle to-day, but as the amounttion did not arrive in time it was post-

stitute, and his 502 men are all members; that there was nothing in the disturbance yesterday to demand an official investigation; nor is there any foundation for the statement that his regiment might be liable to be disbanded. The Colonel deeply regrets that there

was any trouble. Despite all this, the fact remains that the 11th Regment is not a well organized body. They are poorly drilled, and their discipline is very lax. They do not compare at all favorably with the regiments which have preceded them. Still their officers are earnest in their endeavors to improve the men. who certainly drill better than when they first came into camp. Those who induiged in the brawls and fights of rester-day got enough police duty to-day to keep them busy and out of mischief for hours.

W. F. HALL DIES FROM APOPLEXY. A FRIEND COMPLAINS OF THE INEBRIATES' HOME-

DR. BLANCHARD'S REPLY.

The sad case of Wellington F. Hall, till a few days

ago the treasurer of the Casino, told in yesterday's Tribune, reached a fatal end early yesterday. On Wednesday evening it was found necessary to remove Mr. Hall to Believue Hospital, where he died shortly after 2 a. m. The immediate cause of his death was apoplexy; an examination revealed the presence of a clot of blood on the brain. The following letter was received at this office yesterday: To the Editor of The Tribune.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Your article in to-day's issue relating to the late
Wellington F. Hall and his rejection by the authorities of
the so-called Inchriates' Home at Fort Hamilton is not
quite correct. The facts are these: At the request of Mr.
Hall's mother I called at the place lat Saturday afternoon to make preparation for his admission there to be treated as an inebriate. I stated the case to the person in charge at that time, who, I supposed, was the physician, Dr. Bianchard. This gentleman showed me the rooms such as I wanted, the charge for which was \$10 a week. On the Monday or Tuesday following I called at the office of the place at the corner of Pearl-st, and Fulton-st, and requested a set of papers for the proper admission of the patient. The papers were given to me and the meney (\$130) received for thirteen weeks' board and attendance, and a receipt given for the same. That there might be no nistake the clerk in charge telephonod to the institution before he received the money. What answer came back I do not know, but from the fact that the clerk received the money I had a right to suppose it was all right.

Subsequently Mr. Hall's mother and myself went be-fore Justice O'Reilly at his court in Fifty-seventh-st., in whose precinct Mr. Hall lived, who, upon our complaint, issued the necessary papers for the patient's committal at the place in question. The papers were placed in the hands of an officer, who with Mrs. Hall look him to the the place in question. The papers were placed in the hands of an officer, who with Mrs. Hall took him to this hands of an officer, who with airs, that took him to this so-called Inebriates' Home, and very much to my surprise he was rudely refused admission and the money paid back to them by Dr. Blanchard. The result of this was that his poor, broken-hearted mother had to take her son back again to her home. Before learning that he had been reagain to her home. Before learning that he had been related at the fused admission, I called yesterday with a friend at the gate of the place and asked to be let in to see Mr. Hall. Then I was told by Dr. Blanchard that he had not been admitted, as there was no room for patients at that price (\$10), and that he had no rooms under \$21. It was then oo late to do anything, as Mr. Hall and his mother with

the officer had gone away the day before.

This action of Dr. Blanchard had a very bad effect on
the patient. He grieved incessantly about it at his home,
so much so that it became necessary to send him to Bellevue Hospital for treatment, where he died this morning, soon after his admission. These are the plain and unvarnished facts in the case, and I leave it with a candid public to judge for themselves what kind of a place this so-called Inchristes' Home at Bay Ridge is.

New-York, July 5, 1888. A FRIEND. Dr. Blanchard, of the Inebriates' Home, told Dr. Blanchard, of the Insbriates' Home, told a Tribune reporter last night that the friend who paid board in advance at the Brooklyn office stated to the clerk that he bad made arrangements for the reception of Mr. Hall at the Home. No such arrangements had been made. The clerk refused at first to receive the money, on ascertaining by telephone that the Home was full, but took it under the assurance that arrangements were made at the Home. Dr. Blanchard was satisfied, on looking at Mr. Hall, that he was a lunatic, and not a fit patient for the Home. He said he regretted that Mr. Hall was taken there uselessity, but he could not see how the management of the Home was to blame.

LOSS OF LIFE AT AN ELMIRA FIRE

A WOMAN AND PROBABLY ALSO A CHILD BURNED TO DEATH-A BUSINESS BLOCK GUTTED.

Elmira, N. Y., July 5 (Special).—A serious conflagra-tion, attended with loss of life, broke out about 5 o'clock this afternoon in the three-story frame building, No. 116 West Water-st., this city. The store was one of a block of four. A general alarm was sounded. but before the flames could be checked the block was completely gutted. A moment after the first alarm, Mrs. Lizzie Brown, wife of Reuben Brown, who lived on the third floor, was seen at a window. In an instant the flames were seen leaping in every direction around her. She tried to escape by the rear stairway out was suffocated by the dense smoke and fire, and was burned to death. Afterward her body was found. the trunk charred to a crisp.

Several other persons occupied apartments in the block, and escaped with much difficulty. The fire spread from the meat market to the hat store of R. N. Parmenter. The loss on this stock is \$8,000; insurance \$3,000. Loss on the meat market stock, \$5,000; insurance. E. H. Ayre's jewelry store was also de-stroyed. Loss \$12,000: insured. Several others sus-tained small losses. The loss on the building is about ained small losses. The loss on the bull also has been \$10,000. There are rumors that a child also has been

INCENDIARIES IN DANBURY.

Danbury, Conn., July 5.-There is much excitement and apprehension here over the frequent incendiary fires that have occurred lately. There have been three fires in five days that are known to have been incendiary, and several others of which the origin is On Monday morning the Bethel and Danbury horse car stables, in which were a number of who was struck by a man caused a commotion that ended in a full fledged riot. Women fainted and screamed, while others were knocked down and had their clothes torn from their backs. The men pounded their clothes torn from their backs. The men pounded reward for the capture of the incendiary.

FIRE CRACKERS ON LONG ISLAND.

Fire broke out on Wednesday evening in the house of Mr. Brower, at Oceanville, L. I., and in a short time it was totally consumed. also destroyed. Cornell Hulse, who occupied the house, lost all his furniture. There was no insurance. At Gelss, the solitary police officer, was trying to quell Riverhead the house of Mrs. Pohl, on Dandy Point, the disturbance, "Jack" Dempsey rushed to his rescue. was burned down. No one was at home at the time. Both fires are supposed to have been caused by firecrackers thrown on the roof. Some one threw a fire cracker on board the cat-boat Hattle Buchanan, lying off Cherry Grove, Sayville, and the sail caught fire, it was damaged to the extent of \$50. The boat is owned by James Swezey. At Bath Reach fire slightly damaged the old Bennett House. A slight fire burned for a little while in the cupola of Captain Eugene W. Burd's house at Jamalea. It was caused by fire crack-

THREE HORSES BURNED IN NEWARK.

The private stable of Isaac Blanchard, in the rear of his house, No. 122 Frelinghuysen-ave., Newark, was destroyed by an incendiary fire at midnight on Wednesday and three horses perished. The stable was fired by incendiaries, who fastened the door securely on the inside to prevent the rescue of the horses. The act is attributed to burglars, who in April, 1887, detected robbing Mr. Blanchard's house and had a severe tussle with the owner. They then made threats of vengeance. Soon afterward a fire was kindled in his house, and later his stable was set fire to and two horses and other property burned. The police are searching for the incendiaties.

PLENTY OF FLAMES IN ELIZABETH. There were four fires in Elizabeth Wednesday, two of which did considerable damage. At about 9:30 p. m., flames were discovered shooting out of the third story windows of ex-Councilman Thomas H. Smith's hat factory in Orchard-st. The fire was confined to the top story by the efforts of the firemen nd the loss will not amount to over \$15,000. The stable of William Yarnall, in Fourth-st., took

fire, it is supposed from a stray fire-cracker, at 11:30 o'clock. The flames quickly spread to Mr. Yarnail's house adjoining, and he and his family barely escaped with their lives.

LOSSES IN VARIOUS PLACES.

Toledo, Ohio, July 5.-The business portion of Mau nee was swept by fire yesterday morning; fire supposed to have been caused by fire-crackers. Loss, Chicago, July 5.-The chemical manufactory and

arehouse of Chapman, Green & Co., at Grand Crossing, was burned this morning, nothing but the walls escaping. Loss \$25,000; insurance \$20,000. The firm will rebuild immediately.

Detroit, Mich. July 5.—A dispatch from McBride's.
Mich., says: 2 The entire south side of Main st. was
swept by fire at 3 o'clock this morning. The hotel,
post office and several stores were burned. Loss,
about \$20,000. Greeley, Col., July 5.-The building and fences of the Weld County Fair Association were burned yes-terday. William McClelland's \$5,000 stallion, Rembrand, was burned to death. Shortly after, the Johnson Flouring Mills caught fire, and were burned to the ground.

Marysville, Cal., July 5 .- A disastrons fire broke out ere early this morning, raging in the block which contains the most valuable business houses in the city. Loss about \$200,000.
Andover, Mass., July 5.—Jesse Clark's dwelling

house, barn and a shed were burned yesterday. The fire was caused by fireworks. Loss, 3,000.

Boston, July 5.—Fire this morning caused a damage of \$1,000 to the Odd Fellows' Block, and of \$4,000 to J. C. Morrill & Co., grocers; partially insured. A. S. Gliman's most store was damaged \$500.

THE YANKEE CUTTER WINS.

SAILED AGAINST A YANKEE SLOOP.

ANOTHER FEATHER IN BURGESS'S CAP-THE PA

POOSE AND THE BANSHEE wonderful little Burgess cutter, Papoose, has added another scalp to her trophies. Yesterday, over the Larchmont course, twenty miles, she defeated the lanshee by 1 minute 43 seconds. The Banshee was not disgraced, and had she as fine a setting suit of sails as the Papoose and had the wind held steady the result might have been reversed. It is to be hoped that the yachts may meet again some day with the Banshee at her best. The match was for \$250 a side. The Banshee was designed by A. Cary Smith, and is owned by Captain Paul S. Pearsall. She is 39 feet 11 inches long on the water line, and her sailing length, according to Larchmont rules, is 41 feet 4 inches. The Papoose belongs to Messrs. Bayard Thayer and John Simpkins. She is 36 feet 11 inches on the water line, and her sailing length is 30 feet 2 inches. The

Banshee had to allow her 2 minutes 2 seconds. Harry Willard and E. J. Greacen, of the Larchmont Regatta Committee, were the judges of the race, and they went over the course on Commodore Lowrey's sloop Daphne. By the courtesy of John G. Prague the reporters were taken on his sloop, the Anaconda, and had an excellent opportunity of viewing the race. The starting line was between the Daphne and the buoy off the Hen and Chickens Reef near the club house. course from there was across the Sound around a stakeboat moored off Hempstead Bay, three miles, thence around a stakeboat moored off Captain's Island, seven miles distant, returning over the same course. Total distance, twenty miles.

The preparatory gun was fired at 11:32. At that time a light wind was blowing from the south-southwest. At 11:37 the starting gun was fired. When the handicap gun was fired at 11:47 neither had gone over the line, but that was taken as the official starting time. The Papoose was the first to go about, and crossed the line at 11:51:45. The Banshee quickly followed and crossed at 11:52:33, practically giving the Papoose forty-eight seconds in addition to he allowance. In the light wind the Papoose outfooted the Banshee. She went about at 12:37 and the Banshee followed at 12:38. They luffed around the stakeboat as follows: Papoose, 12:50; Banshee, 12:52:14. The Papoose had gained 1 minute 28 seconds from

The Papoose after rounding broke out a balloon jib topsail. The Banshee did better by setting her spin-naker to starboard. The wind freshened. In this order they gibed around the judges' boat off Captain's Island: Banshee, 1:49:57; Papoose, 1:50:16. The Papoose made the better turn and took the windward position, but couldn't hold it. The Banshee outpointed her. But it was a Yankee cutter and not a British one that was behind the Banshee, and do her best she could not shake her off.

When the Hempstead Bay stakeboat was reached, the cutter was still within her time allowance. luffed around as follows: Banshee, 3:16:25; Papoose, 3:18:15. The Banshee had a lead of 1 minute 50 seconds, but she would have to add twelve seconds that to be even with the Papoose at the finish line. She had three miles in which to do it, with a beam wind; but, alas for her chances, the wind fell lighter and the Papoose slipped nearer and nearer. the Banshee crossed the finish line first and was saluted with the usual gun, there was no rejoicing on board, for the cutter was only nineteen seconds astern, and that meant that she was the winner, as this record of

Thus the Papoose won by 1 minute 43 seconds. It wasn't much, but it cost Captain Pearsall \$250. A. Cary Smith sailed the Banshee over part of the course, Robert Center and some of the crew from his cutter Medusa also lent a hand in handling her. and address.

THE YACHT DAUNTLESS RUNS AGROUND. Portland, Me., July 5 .- The yacht Dauntless, of New-York, ran on Spring Point ledge yesterday and stove a hole in her bottom. She was pulled off by a tug. The damage was not sufficient to cause much

THE AMERICAN CRICKETERS WIN.

Toronto, Ont., July 5 .- The Canadian cricketers began their second inning in the international match at 11 o'clock this morning. They were all disposed of for 30 runs. The fielding of the Americans was superb. It is generally conceded that the Canadians were completely overmatched in bowling, fielding and batting. The Americans won the match by one inning and 37 runs. the match by one inning and 87 runs.

LAWN TENNIS AT ENGLEWOOD. The tournament of the Englewood Field Club was ontinued yesterday, the scores showing:

Gentlemen's Singles: Third Round-W. Wright, Englewood Field Club, beat R Stevens, Scabright Lawn Tennis Club, 6-3, 6-4; T. M. Banks, Englewood, lost the round to G. Nottmen, St. George's, 6-1, 6-1.
Gentlemen's Doubles: First Round-This round was not decided. The first set was wen by Hobart, who beat Campbell.

(For other Out door Sports, see El

TWO IRON MILLS RESUME. ONE STARTS UP AT AMALGAMATED PRICES, THE

OTHER ON A NON-UNION BASIS. Pittsburg, July 5 (Special),-Moorehead Brothers & Co., of Sharpsburg, signed the Amalgamated scale & Co., of Sharpsburg, signed the Amalgamated scale to-day. Work will be resumed in the mill at once. The basis of the settlement was the some as that upon which the Olivers and Carnegies signed. About 600 men are employed. The firm has recently received orders which must be filled at once. Fifteen firms are now working at the Amalgamated wages.

The officers of the Amalgamated Association bave not yet received any official notice from the men formerly employed in Singer, Nimick & Co's mill in

formerly employed in Singer, Nimick & Co's mill in the West End, where a number of men resumed work on a non-union basis to-day, the firm agreeing to restore a 10 per cent reduction recently ordered. The Amalgamated officials say that if any of their men go to work they will be expelled. The majority of the skilled workmen there are members of the Knights of Labor. The firm employs 800 hands, and its decision to resume in defiance of all labor organizations has caused the biggest sensation since the strike began. Several departments of the works were in operation to-day, but no puddlers appeared. An attempt to start up the rest of the mill will probably be made on Monday. The firm will hire men as individuals and upon no other conditions. The men who agree to go to work must renounce their organi-

M. Byers, of A. M. Byers & Co., whose mills are among the largest here, said to-day: "The action of among the largest here, said to-day: "The action of singer, Nimick & Co. to start their mills with non-union men does not surprise me in the least. I expect they will be followed by other manufacturers. I have it from an unofficial source that Spang, Chalfant & Co. will attempt to run their works with non-union men. A firm situated as they are, out of town, can do it much more easily than one in the city. I do not know what our firm will do in regard to the matter. At the present prices we do not care whether we run our works or not."

The 400 Knights of Labor employed by Singer, Nimick & Co. met this afternoon and appointed a committee to confer with Mr. Singer this evening. The latter declined to recognize them except as individuals.

"FRED" MAY IS BOUND TO ESCAPE PUNISHMENT. There is little doubt in the minds of those who know "Frod" May that he has left the country to escape punishment for his murderous assault upon a policeman while attempting to arrest him for insulting women. The latest rumor has him sneaking off to Demerara in disguise on the steamer Trinidad. This may not be true, he may have gone to some cooler climate, but a man answerng to his description took passage on the steamer when the sailed on June 22. This man was put down on the passenger list as H. W. Sanford, and he preserved throughout the entire trip the utmost reticence. At the steamer, which safled again yestrday, the officers did not care to

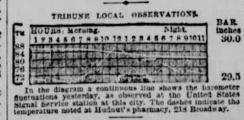
discuss this passenger.

William F. Howe, of Howe & Hummel, one of Mr. the day before the case had come up in court.

THE WEATHER REPORT

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS-FOR 36 HOURS. WASHINGTON, July 5.-8 p. m.-For New England and Eastern New York, sightly cooler and fair on Friday, followed by stationary temperature and local rains.

For Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, and thence to Florida, warmer and fair on Friday, followed by stationary temperature and local rains.



TRIBUNE OFFICE, July 6, 1 a. m.—A fair morning yester-day was followed by a shower in the afterneon. The mean humidity was .74 The temperature ranged between 63° and 86°, the average (72 ½°) being % lower than en the corresponding day last year, and ½° higher than on Westucsday.

In and near this city to-day there will probably be slightly cooler, fair weather.

TOO MANY PEOPLE AT " THE BEND."

OWNERS OF HOUSES MUST REDUCE THE NUMBER-INSTRUCTIONS TO THE "SUMMER CORPS.

The Health Board yesterday received a statement prepared by Chief Sanitary Inspector Bullard showing the amount of overcrowding in the Italian tenement-houses in "The Bend" of Mulberry-st. Using the reports of the sanitary police who recently made night inspections of the houses, Major Bullard was able to give the air-space in each house and the number of cubic feet of air per occupant. Sanitary, Superintendent Day had indersed the statement and had recommended a reduction of the number of occu-pants in Nos. 32, 37, 88, 39, 41, 53, 66, 63, 65 and 69 Mulberry-st. At present the front houses are said to be occupied by 310 adults and 92 children. They ought to hold only 188 adults and 51 children, ac-cording to Dr. Day's estimate. An order will be served on the owner or lessee of each house, who will be arrested if the desired reduction is not made. Regarding the rear house No. 69 Mulberry-st., in which eighty-five persons were found askeep on a hot which eighty-five persons were found asine on a now night in June, Dr. Day wrote that the place must be regarded as a lodging house which had been run in violation of law without a permit. The board decided to have the lessee of the house presecuted. Similar action probably will be taken in other cases where inspections show overcrowding by Italian laborers.

The Board accepted the resignation of Dr. S. Al Goldschmidt, inspector of offensive trades, who had been in the Health Department fifteen years. Forlyone physicians of the "summer corps" were assigned to districts yesterday and began their inspections of tenement-houses. Dr. Moreau Morris read them a lecture in the morning and supplied them with printed circulars regarding the care of infants. These circulars are to be distributed to mothers. Dr. Morris told the physicians that they must offer free medical aid to all sick persons in the tenement-houses who were too poor to employ other physicians. They also must try to prevent sickness by suggesting clean-liness and the removal of unsanitary conditions. Nuisances that could not be abated in that way must be reported to the Health Board and all cases of contagious diseases which were discovered must be reported promptly.

BANK ROBBERS AT HOPKINTON, R. L. Hopkinton, R. I., July 5 .- The First National Bank was entered by burglars and an old fire-proof sale broken open. It contained papers of no use to the robbers. The money and securities were in a Herring fire and burglar-proof, which was next attached. Cashier Richmond found the outside door damaged, but not open, and the burglar-proof inside had not been touched. This is the second time the safe has been attacked and the bank saved from loss solely because it had in use a good and trustworthy safe.

INDEPENDENCE DAY. Then Charley, Clair and Harry gay,
To honor Independence Day
In a big explosion were not slow
To let their bombs and crackers go,
Till burned and bruised at every point,
And sprained at wrist and ankie-joint—
Quichly Pond's Extract came in turn
To take the smart from sprain and burns.

The Best High-Class Cigarettes. Kinney Bros. Special Favoura. Colgate & Co.'s "Iso6" Laundry Soap is put up in small 12-cake boxes.

MARRIED.

MARKIED.

DAVIS—SUYDAM—ON 3d July, 1888, at 5t. Andrew's Church. Harlem, by the Rev. George R. Van De Water, D. D., Emilia Wickham Suydam, daughter of Mr. John H. Seydam, to George Semiler Davis,

NUNN—SCHIEFFELIN—ON Tuesday evening. July 3, 1888, at the resultence of the bride's father, Genova, N. Y., by the Rev. Henry W. Nelson, Loftus John de Winton, Clarkson Nunn, of Mexico, and Carolina Schuyler, daughter of Sydney A. Schleffellu, esq.

TICHENOR—BASSETT—On July 3, at Celeman's Station, N. Y., by the Rev. James R. Beurne, Josephine Bassett to Frank M. Tichenor, of New York City.

Notices of marriages must be indorsed with full name

DIED. BANCROFT-In this city, July 4, after a short illness, Festus F. Bancroft, in the 3st year of his age, Funeral at Waterbury, Coon., on arrival of Sociock a m train from New York, Friday, July 6, Priends and rela-tives are invited to attend funeral without further notice. BALESTIER-In Naw-York, on July 3, Emily A., wife of John A. Balestier. Interment at Exetor, New-Hampshire.

Interment at Excter, New-Hampshire.
COURTER-At Buffalo, July 5, S. Hallie Crary, daughter of the late George Crary, of Brooklyn, and wife of George H. Courter, of Buffalo.
Interment at Green wood.
Notice of inneral hereatter.
CORY-At Englawood, N. J., July 4, Usal Cory, in his 76th, year.
Funeral at his late residence, Englawood, Friday, July 5, on the arrival of train, Northern R. R., leaving Chambers-st., N. Y., at 3:30 p. m.
Interment at Morristown, N. J.

ENGS—On Wednesday morning, July 4, Samuel Franklin Engs. Funeral services at his late residence, 9th at and Sthave, Brookive, at 10 o'clock saturday morning, July 7.

MARY C, and the late William Gardner, in the 30th year of his age.

Foneral service at the residence of his mother, 18 East, 13 is tet., New York, Saturday, July 7, at 4 o'clock p. m.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

KNEVELS—At ter late residence, at Fishkill-on-Hudson, Thursday morning, July 5, 1888. Elizabeth Verplanck and July 18 is 18 july 18 jul

Knevets, wife of the late John W. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the flueral from her late residence, on Saturday morning, July 7, at 10:30 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Hadson River R. R. Depot on arrival of S clock train from New Yerk.
Burrial at Fishkill Village. METZ-New York, Thursday morning, July 5, Caroline, wife of Anton Metz, formerly of Brooklyn.
Interment at Woodlawn Cometery.

at 1 p. m. Please omit nowers.

Picase omit newers.

8 EAMAN-At Westbury, 7th month, 6th, 1888, Edmund Saaman, aged 56 years.

Funeral at Friends' Meeting House, Westbury, L. I., 7th, day, 7th menth, 7th, at 10:30 a.m., L. City at 9 a.m., Carriages will meet the train leaving L. I. City at 9 a.m., STORMS-At Mont Moor, N. Y., Wednesday, July 4, 1888, Garret S. Siorma, in the 7th year of his are.

Funeral sorvices at his late readistice, on Saturday, the 7th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are invited. Train leaves Weehawken at 10 a.m., W. S. H. R., Interment in Oak Hill Cemetery, Nyack, N. Y. Special Notices.

Hankinson's Steam Carpet Cleaning Works, 15 East 27th-st. Established 1861. Cartage free on this island south of 180th-st. Send for circular.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for Children
Teething, soltens the gums, realuces inflammation, aflays all
pain, cures wind colle and diarrhora. Twenty-five cts. a bottle.
Contents of THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUND

First Page-Topics of the day-Notice to General Harris

son.
Second Page—To fight for Indiana—Mr. Morton Grocted
—Political News.
Third Page—News Topics Abread.
Fourth Page—Jubiles in Cincinnati—Little Garibaldi—
Seven Fresh-Air Parties.
Fifth Page—For the Family Circle—Knitting and
Grochet. Crochet.
Sixh Page—In Memory of General Grant—Binghamton's Greatest Day—Personal—The Talk of the Day,
Seventh Page—The Fourth at Woodstock—The Day of
Independence.
Eighth Page—Editorials.
Ninth Page—Editorials.
Tenth Page—Blue and Gray Together—Close of the Reunion.

nion.

Eleventh Page—Agricultural.

Tweifth Page—Joyce.

Thirteenth Page—The Debate Drags Along—Washingn News—Miscellanceus News.

Fourteenth Page—Congress and Pensions.

Fifteenth Page—Eschul Contests—Markets.

Sixteenth Page—Markets—Advertisements.

Copies in wrappers ready for mailing can be had in The Tribune Counting Room for 3 cents each. Post Office Natice.

Should be read daily by all interested, as changes may occur at any time.

Letters for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for dispatch by any particular steamer, except when it it desired to send duplicates of banking and comercial documents, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week ending June 7th will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows.

(promptly in all cases) at this office as follows.

PRIDAY—At 1 p. m. for St. Domingo, Cape Hayti and Turks Island, per steamship Gea W. Clyde; at 230 n. m. for Campeche, Chiapas, Tabaseo and Yucatan, per steamship Santago (letters for other Mexican States must be directed "per Santiago").

SATURDAY—At 2 a. m. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain and Fortngal, per steamship La Gascogne, via Harro; at 6:30 a.m. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain and Fortngal, per steamship La Gascogne, via Harro; at 6:30 a.m. for Carepano and Cindad Bolivar, per ateamship Odm; at 10 a. m. for Hayti, (except Fort an Frince) and Turka Island, per steamship Alert; at 12 m. for Europe, per steamship Etrace, and Turkey, per steamship Mexican, Netherlands, Getmany, Austria, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Russia and Turkey, per steamship Werra, via Southampton and Bremon (letters must be directed "per Werra"); at 12:30 p. m. for the Netherlands, via Austredam, per steamship Scalledam (letters must be directed "per Schrolam"); at 3 p. m. for Bidenedia, per steamship Harian, from New-Orleans.

Mails for China and Japan, per steamship Gaelle (from San

per steambalo Harian, from New-Orleans.

[alis for China and Japan, per steamship Gaelle (from San Francisco), close here July 'o, at 7 m. Mails for the Hawaiian Islands, per steamship Australia (from San Francisco), close here July 'll, at 7 h. m. Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Hawaiian, Fiji and Sannosa, Islands, per steamship Zealandia (from San Francisco), close here July '22, at 4.30 y. m. (or on arrival at New-York of steamship Aurania, with British mails for Australia). Mails for the Seciety Islands, per ship City of Papeti (from San Francisco), close here July '25, at 7 p. m. Mails for Cuba by rail to Tappa, Fis., and theuse by steamer, via Key West, Fia, close at this office daily at 2500 a. m.

The schedule of closing of Trans-Pacific mails is as an the presumption of their uninterrunted overland to San Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on the Prancisco on the day of calling of steamers are dis-